

## **Attendance Policy**

Modified July 2024 To be reviewed September 2025

### **Mission Statement**

#### 'To educate young people to meet the challenges of life courageously, to use their talents to the full and to live the values of Christ's Gospel'

#### Aims

The school aspires to high levels of attendance from all pupils. Good attendance is essential for all pupils to get the most out of their school experience, including their attainment, well-being and wider life chances.

The aims of this policy are as follows:

to develop and maintain a whole school culture that promotes the benefits of good attendance;

to ensure, so far as possible, that every pupil in the school is able to benefit from and make their full contribution to the life of the school;

to prioritise and where possible improve attendance and punctuality across the school, reduce absence and set out the school's approach to the management of absence / non-attendance;

to recognise the linkages between attendance / absence and pupil wellbeing, specifically ensuring a consistent whole school approach to safeguarding; and

to help to promote a whole school culture of safety, equality and protection.

#### Scope and application

This policy applies to the whole school including the Early Years Foundation Stage [EYFS).

This policy is designed to address the specific statutory obligations on the school to record attendance and absence

#### **Regulatory framework**

This policy has been prepared to meet the school's responsibilities under:

Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014;

*National minimum standards for boarding schools* (Department for Education (**DfE**), September 2022);

EYFS statutory framework for group and school-based providers (DfE, January 2024);]

Education and Skills Act 2008;

Children Act 1989;

Childcare Act 2006;

Sponsorship Duties (UKVI, July 2023);

The School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024;

Equality Act 2010;

Data Protection Act 2018 and UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR)

This policy has regard to the following guidance and advice:

Working together to improve school attendance (DfE, applies from 19 August 2024);

Summary table of responsibilities for school attendance (DfE, applies from 19 August 2024);

Toolkit for schools: communicating with families to support attendance (DfE, September 2023);

<u>Guidance for parents on school attendance</u> (Office of the Children's Commissioner, September 2023);

'Is my child too ill for school?' guidance (NHS, April 2024);

Keeping children safe in education (DfE, September 2024);<sup>3</sup>

School behaviour and attendance: parental responsibility measures (DfE, May 2020);

Children missing education (DfE, September 2016);

Supporting pupils with medical conditions at school (DfE, August 2017);

Behaviour in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff (DfE, February 2024);

Mental health and behaviour in schools (DfE, November 2018);

Mental health issues affecting a pupil's attendance: guidance for schools (DfE, February 2023);

Support for pupils where a mental health issue is affecting attendance (DfE, February 2023); Modified July 2024 Page **3** of **24** 

Remote education guidance (DfE, updated February 2023); and

SEND Code of practice: 0 to 25 years (DfE and Department of Health, May 2015)].

The following School policies, procedures and resource materials are relevant to this policy:

Child protection and Safeguarding policy;

Risk Assessment policy

Special Educational Needs and Disability policy;

Behaviour policy;

#### Publication and availability

This policy is published on the school website.

#### **Definitions and interpretation**

Where the following words or phrases are used in this policy:

references to **attendance** include references to attendance for all or part of the timetabled school day.

references to a **Parent** means:

all natural parents, whether they are married or not;

any person who has parental responsibility for a pupil; and

any person who has day to day responsibility for a pupil (i.e. lives with and looks after a pupil).

References to a pupil includes anyone who is receiving an education at the school except a person who is 19 or over for whom further education is being provided, or a person for whom

# part-time education suitable for people over compulsory school age is being provided. The importance of good attendance

'[Attendance] is essential for pupils to get the most out of their school experience, including their attainment, well being and wider life chances.' <u>Working Together to Improve Attendance</u> (19<sup>th</sup> August 2020) (DfE)

The school recognises the importance of developing good patterns of attendance from the outset. This is an integral part of the school's ethos and culture. In building a culture of good school attendance it recognises:

the importance of good attendance, alongside good behaviour, as a central part of the school's vision, values, ethos, and day to day life; the interplay between attendance and wider school improvement efforts, building it into strategies on attainment, behaviour, bullying, special educational needs support, supporting pupils with medical conditions and / or disabilities, mental health issues and safeguarding wellbeing; of pupils;

the importance of setting high expectations for the attendance and punctuality of all pupils and communicating these regularly and effectively to pupils and parents;

that attendance is never "solved" and is a continuous process requiring revision and updating of messages, processes and strategies; and

children missing education can act as a vital warning sign to a range of safeguarding issues, including neglect, sexual abuse and child sexual and criminal exploitation.

#### School responsibilities

The school acknowledges that attendance is the essential foundation to securing positive outcomes for all pupil and that everyone has a responsibility to take proactive steps to manage and improve attendance across the school community.

- The school will consistently promote the benefits of good attendance, setting high expectations for every pupil and consistently communicating those expectations to pupils and parents.
- Where there are challenges to attendance, the school will work effectively and respectfully with pupils, their families and, where appropriate, local authorities to address them.
- The school will respond to non-attendance and / or lateness proactively, firmly, consistently and with care, with appropriate reference to this policy, its safeguarding and behaviour policies and the school's terms and conditions. It will act in a proportionate and targeted way in response to data or intelligence and ensure intervention is regularly reviewed.
- The school has robust systems in place to track and record attendance, reasons for absence and patterns at an individual level and by cohorts or groups in order to identify pupils at risk of

non-attendance and those who are persistently absent and it will monitor and analyse this data regularly to facilitate early intervention to address issues.

#### Staff responsibilities

All staff should:

know the importance of good attendance and are consistent in their communication with pupils and parents about it.

have been appropriately trained in their role.

have a formal routine for registers being taken accurately each morning and afternoon;

The school receptionist should:

seek explanations of absences required from pupils on the day of absence;

make enquiries about unexplained absences, including those within the school day

Heads of Year and the Assistant Head – Head of Prep should;

look out for trends or patterns in a pupil's attendance and inform the Deputy Head of any specific concerns. The Deputy Head is deemed to be the Senior Attendance Champion;

deal with lateness to lessons consistently and promptly;

follow appropriate sanctions for pupils who arrive late to a lesson in line with the school's behaviour and discipline policies; and discuss non-attendance and / or lateness with pupils and parents and emphasise the importance of punctuality and attendance.

#### School arrangements

The school accurately completes admission and attendance registers and has effective day to day processes in place to follow-up absence. These registers are kept electronically.

#### Monitoring attendance

The school undertakes regular data analysis to identify and provide additional support to pupils or pupil cohorts that need it, and to look at historic and emerging patterns across the school and develop strategies to address them. Such analysis includes:

Modified July 2024 To be reviewed September 2025

- monitoring and analysing half-termly attendance patterns and trends and providing support in a targeted way to pupils and families;
- using this analysis to provide regular attendance reports to class teachers to facilitate discussions with parentsand pupils and to leaders (including the special educational needs coordinator and designated safeguarding lead who is also the Senior Attendance Champion);
- conducting thorough analysis of half-termly, termly, and full year data to identify patterns and trends;
- benchmarking attendance data at whole school, year group and cohort level to identify areas of focus for improvement;
- devising specific strategies to address areas of poor attendance identified through data;
- monitoring the impact of school-wide attendance efforts, including any specific strategies implemented; and

providing data and reports to the Governors.

#### **Pupil responsibilities**

School attendance is important to pupil attainment, wellbeing and development. The school therefore has high expectations of pupils as to their attendance and has systems in place to manage poor attendance.

Pupils should be aware that:

- they are expected to be present in-person for the duration of each school day;
- they are expected to arrive on time and attend all timetabled lessons;
- they should not leave a lesson or the school site without permission or otherwise in accordance with school rules;
- they should engage with the school's arrangements for recording and managing attendance as set out in this policy;
- any unexplained absence will be followed up;
- persistent lateness or non-attendance will result in action being taken by the school. This may take the form of:
  - 1. offers of support to seek to identify and address any barriers to attendance;
  - 2. communication with parents;
  - 3. reporting to other agencies such as children's social care; and

- 4. sanctions against them or their parents in line with the school's behaviour policies.
- If pupils are having difficulties that might discourage or prevent them from attending school or specific lessons regularly, they may speak to any member of staff, although the school encourages them to speak to their Form Tutor or Head of Year or Assistant Head – Head of Prep in the Prep school. Pupils are entitled to expect this information to be managed sensitively.

#### Additional needs

- The school recognises some pupils may find it harder than others to attend school, and will work with those pupils and parents to try to remove barriers to attendance by building strong and trusting relationships and working together to put the right support in place. The school will make reasonable adjustments where a pupil has a disability that puts them at a substantial disadvantage, in comparison with pupils without a disability, in relation to school attendance.
- It will also work with parents, and where appropriate with the local authority, to develop specific support approaches for attendance for pupils with special educational needs and disabilities e.g., ensuring the provision outlined in a pupil's education, health and care plan (or IEP) is accessed.
- Suitable strategies will also be considered for pupils with any social, emotional or mental health issue that is affecting their attendance.
- Where barriers are outside of the school's control, the school will work with parents and pupils to identify alternative sources of support or consider, where appropriate, making a referral for early help.
- The school will make a sickness return to the local authority if a pupil is recorded in the attendance register as absent using the national absence code I (unable to attend because of sickness) and there are reasonable grounds to believe that the pupil will have to miss 15 consecutive school days or more for illness or the pupil's total number of school days missed during the current school year because of illness (whether consecutive or cumulative) will reach or exceed 15 school days.

#### Parent / carer responsibilities

- The law entitles every child of compulsory school age to an efficient, full-time education suitable to their age, aptitude and any special educational need they may have. It is the legal responsibility of every parent to make sure their child receives that education.
- This means pupils must attend every day that the school is open, except in a small number of allowable circumstances such as being too ill to attend or being given permission for an absence in advance from the school.

The school will help parents to understand what is expected of them and why attendance is important to their child's attainment, wellbeing, and wider development and provide clarity on the short and long term consequences of poor attendance.

#### Training

The school ensures that regular guidance and training on attendance is arranged on induction and at regular intervals thereafter so that staff and volunteers understand what is expected of them by this policy and have the necessary knowledge and skills to carry out their roles. As a minimum this will include all staff understanding:

the importance of good attendance and that absence is almost always a symptom of wider circumstances; and

the school's strategies and procedures for tracking, following up and improving attendance.

#### Pupils

#### Information sharing

- Personal information on attendance will only be shared in line with legal obligations and having regard to government guidance on attendance, safeguarding and children missing education.
- The school, local authorities and other local partners should work jointly and share data on individual cases where it is of benefit to a pupil (e.g., health services where there are medical conditions or the police where there are extra-familiar harms).

Where appropriate the schools will attend regular targeting support meetings.

The school is legally required to share information from the registers with the local authority. As a minimum this includes:

New pupil and deletion returns;

Attendance returns;

Sickness returns.

The law allows local authority officers access to the attendance and admission registers to carry out their functions under the Education Acts to support joint working between the school and the local authorities. These officers are also permitted to take digital or physical extracts of the school's registers.

The school will provide specific pupil information on request to the Secretary of State.

Modified July 2024 To be reviewed September 2025 Where appropriate, the school will inform a pupil's social worker and/or youth offending team worker if there are unexplained absences.

#### **Record keeping and confidentiality**

- All records created in accordance with this policy are managed in accordance with the school's policies that apply to the retention and destruction of records.
- The information created in connection with this policy may contain personal data. The school's use of this personal data will be in accordance with data protection law. The school has published privacy notices on its website which explain how the school will use personal data.

School arrangements

#### Managing attendance

Successfully treating the root causes of absence and removing barriers to attendance, at home, in school or more broadly requires the school and local partners to work collaboratively in partnership with, not against families. All partners should work together to:

Expect - Aspire to high standards of attendance from all pupils and parents and build a culture where all can, and want to, be in school and ready to learn by prioritising attendance improvement across the school.

Monitor - Rigorously use attendance data to identify patterns of poor attendance (at individual and cohort level) as soon as possible so all parties can work together to resolve them before they become entrenched.

Listen and understand - When a pattern is spotted, discuss with pupils and parents to listen to and understand barriers to attendance and agree how all partners can work together to resolve them.

Facilitate support - Remove barriers in school and help pupils and parents to access the support they need to overcome the barriers outside of school. This might include an early help or whole family plan where absence is a symptom of wider issues.

Formalise support - Where absence persists and voluntary support is not working or not being engaged with, partners should work together to explain the consequences clearly and ensure support is also in place to enable families to respond. Depending on the circumstances this may include formalising support through an attendance contract or education supervision order.

Enforce - Where all other avenues have been exhausted and support is not working or not being engaged with, enforce attendance through statutory intervention: a penalty notice in line with the National Framework or prosecution to protect the pupil's right to an education.

The school monitors, records and shares data about pupil attendance and as part of its duty to safeguard and protect pupils and promote attendance. It accurately completes admission and attendance registers as required by law.

The school expects all pupils to be present at school for the whole of the school day, usually from registration at 8.40am to close at 4.00pm.

#### The role of the school

To manage and improve attendance effectively, the school endeavours to

• Build strong relationships and work jointly with families, listening to and understanding barriers to attendance and working in partnership with families to remove them.

• Develop and maintain a whole school culture that promotes the benefits of high attendance.

• Have a clear school attendance policy which all staff, pupils and parents understand.

• Accurately complete admission and attendance registers and have effective day to day processes in place to follow-up absence.

• Regularly monitor and analyse attendance and absence data to identify pupils or cohorts that require support with their attendance and put effective strategies in place.

• Share information and work collaboratively with other schools in the area, local authorities, and other partners where a pupil's absence is at risk of becoming persistent or severe.

• Be particularly mindful of pupils absent from school due to mental or physical ill health or their special educational needs and/or disabilities and provide them with additional support.

#### The role of parents / carers

'Schools and partners should work in partnership with pupils and parents collaboratively to remove any barriers to attendance by building strong and trusting relationships and working together to put the right support in place.' <u>Working Together to Improve Attendance 19 August 2024 (DfE)</u>

The school expects all Parents to:

make any application for an authorised leave of absence at the earliest opportunity;

notify the school of any absence or delay as soon as reasonably possible in accordance with this policy and when doing so, give an accurate explanation for this; and

cooperate with the school to explore possible barriers to attendance and to improve it where attendance has been raised as an issue.

Parents of day pupils should ensure their child attends school by 8.40am for morning registration;

Modified July 2024

Page **11** of **24** 

Parents of boarding pupils should ensure their child returns to their boarding accommodation by 5pm on Sunday before the beginning of the school week.

The school will regularly inform parents about their daughter's absence and attendance levels through MySchoolPortal.

#### **Registration and attendance checks**

#### Registration

Pupils in Reception to Year 2 are permitted to enter the Claudine Thevenet from 8am. They will be supervised in the Early Birds Club by a member of staff. Prep school pupils from Years 3 - 6 should enter the school either via Reception (Years 3 & 4) or via the St Clare Building (Years 5 & 6) and register with the member of staff on duty in the Dining Hall between 7.45am and 8.00am and in the Quad between 8.00am and 8.30am. They will remain in the quad or attend reading club in the library, following registration. In wet weather, all early pupils will gather in the Quad or return to form rooms, dependent upon numbers. Senior pupils enter through the side door and go to the Dining Room before 8:30am and to their form room after 8.30am. Sixth Form pupils can make their way to their common room before 8.30am but must be in their form rooms by 8.30am. It is important that all pupils are in their form rooms by 8.30am each day for registration (at 8.40am). If a pupil arrives after 8.45am she should enter via Reception and sign in.

The attendance register is taken at the start of each morning session of each school day and once during each afternoon session. On each occasion the adult responsible for taking the register must record whether every pupil is present, attending an approved educational activity, absent, or unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances.

Registers are legal records and the school will preserve every entry in the attendance or admission register for 6 years from the date of entry. Additional backup copies of the electronic attendance and admission registers will be made once a month. These will be retained for six years after the end of the school year in question.

#### Lateness

Pupils must attend registration on time to be marked as present for that session otherwise they will receive a late mark (L). Parents are expected to ensure that their daughters arrive in good time so that they are present at registration.

The school uses iSams to record and track attendance.

#### **Reporting absence**

If pupils are ill and unable to attend school, parents / guardians are requested to contact the school before 8.40am on the first morning of absence, giving an indication of the possible duration of the absence. This should be done either using <u>mailto:office@thorntoncollege.com</u> or accessing 'My School Portal' where a 'Sickness Absence Form' can be found in the section 'Parent Forms' or alternatively there is a form called 'Longer Term Sickness Absence.' If this is not possible then parents should call the school on 01280 812610. (The school has an answering machine until

7:45am; thereafter Reception will take your call.)] My School Portal Sickness Forms are forwarded directly to Form Tutors.

Where a pupil is ill, the school should be notified of the nature of the illness.

If no contact is made, the Form Tutor will insert an N in the register and the Administration team will contact home that morning to confirm the reason for absence. Heads of Year in the Senior School and Form teachers in Prep School review attendance in the first instance and will also contact home should there be a concern or a pattern of absence identified.

If a pupil is absent for reasons other than ill health, this must be communicated to the school on each separate occasion. Parents / guardians should complete the 'Absence Form' located in 'My School Portal' in the section 'Parent Forms;' completed forms are automatically sent through the portal to Form Tutors directly and / or the Head Teacher, dependent on the nature of the request for absence. Form Tutors may forward requests for entire day absences to the Head Teacher for authorisation but can authorise shorter absences such as dentist or medical appointments. In these circumstances it is not necessary to then telephone the school on the day of absence

If a pupil is required to leave school without notification and for reasons other than illness, an explanation must be provided by the parent or guardian and the absence must be authorised by the Head Teacher.

All pupils, who leave the school during the school day must sign out at front reception. Should a pupil return that day, she must sign in.

#### Arrangements for reporting subsequent absence

Absence will be recorded on the Attendance Register.

#### Managing absence

In the first instance, the emphasis of the school is to support both pupils and parents by building strong relationships with families, listening to them, understanding the barriers to attendance and working with families to remove them. We recognise attendance is never 'solved' and is a continuous process by regularly reviewing and updating messages, processes, and strategies. The policy should be applied fairly and consistently but in doing so the school should always consider the individual needs of pupils and their families who have specific barriers to attendance.

On very rare occasions where a pupil needs encouragement to attend school regularly, any problems are best resolved between the school, parents, and the pupil. If problems cannot be resolved this way, the school will contact the Education Welfare Officer from the relevant Local Authority. He or she will also try to resolve difficulties by agreement but, if other ways of trying to improve a pupil's attendance have failed, these officers can use court proceedings to prosecute pupils or to seek an Education Supervision Order on the pupil. Parents may wish to contact the Education Welfare Officer themselves for advice. They are independent of the school. Their Modified July 2024

telephone number is available by contacting the appropriate Local Education Authority. The school reserves the right to withdraw a pupil's place in the case of pupils who fail to attend (as per regulation 8(1)(I) of The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006.

#### A Staged Approach to Monitoring Attendance

In the first instance, the school will -

- Monitor attendance and when it falls below 90% progress to the first stage of support.
- Support pupils and parents by working together to address any in-school barriers to attendance.

• Where barriers are outside of the school's control, all partners will work together to support pupils and parents to access any support they may need voluntarily. As a minimum, this should include meeting with pupils and parents at risk of persistent or severe absence to understand barriers to being in school and agreeing actions or interventions to address them. This may include referrals to services and organisations that can provide support. These actions should be regularly discussed and reviewed together with pupils and families.

Where absence intensifies, so should the support provided, which will require the school to work in tandem with the local authority and other relevant partners:

• If the needs and barriers are individual to the pupil this may include such strategies as provision of mentoring, an education, health and care plan or alternative provision.

• Where the needs are wider and a whole family response is more appropriate, this is likely to include a voluntary early help assessment.

• Where engagement in support is proving challenging, school will hold more formal conversations with the parents (and pupils where they are old enough to 13 understand). This is likely to be led by the school's senior attendance champion and may include the school's point of contact in the local authority School Attendance Support Team. These meetings should clearly explain the consequences of persistent and severe absence to the pupil and family and the potential need for legal intervention in future but should also be an opportunity to continue to listen to and understand the barriers to attendance and explain the help that is available to avoid those consequences.

Where voluntary support has not been effective and/or has not been engaged with the school will work with the local authority to:

• Put formal support in place in the form of an attendance contract or an education supervision order.

• Issue a Notice to Improve and/or penalty notice where support would not be appropriate or has not been successful or engaged with and it is likely to change the parents' behaviour.

• Intensify support through statutory children's social care involvement where there are safeguarding concerns, especially where absence becomes severe (below 50% attendance).

• Prosecute parents where all other routes have failed or are not deemed appropriate. This could include making the case for a community or parenting order where the parent is convicted to secure engagement with support.

The above will be implemented in the following way -

The Heads of Year in Senior School, and the Assistant Head in charge of the Prep School will monitor attendance on a half termly basis. They will look for trends in attendance and of anyone who is causing a concern and needs support to attend school. The following stages will be followed for those whose attendance is deemed a concern. This will usually be when attendance falls below 90%.

<u>Stage 1</u>

The attendance records are examined by the Heads of Year and the Assistant Head in charge of the Prep School. Those below 90% are discussed with the form teacher to establish why they have been absent. Parents will be contacted by Form Teachers. The communication will be supportive and carried out in the first instance by the Form Teacher. The school will treat all pupils and parents with dignity and staff will model respectful relationships to build a positive relationship between home and school that can be the foundation of good attendance. In communicating with parents, the school will discuss the link between attendance and attainment and wider wellbeing, and challenge parents' views where they have misconceptions about what 'good' attendance looks like. This will be recorded on CPOMS. Such pupils should be monitored on a half termly basis.

#### Stage 2

If the level of attendance of a pupildoes not improve, then the Head of Year or the Assistant Head -Head of the Prep school will contact parents. This will be a supportive communication exploring any barriers to school attendance and discussing what the school can do to support the pupil. A written communication will be sent home which will detail the advantages of attending school, breaking down the absence into the different types and offering support. Where barriers are outside of the school's control, all partners should work together to support pupils and parents to access any support they may need voluntarily. This will be recorded on CPOMS.

#### Stage 3

If the level of attendance is still causing a concern, then parents will be invited into school for a meeting with the Head of Year (or the Assistant Head – Head of Prep) and the Deputy Head. At the meeting, the importance of attendance will be emphasised and further ways of support will be explored including a parent contract. The meeting will be recorded on CPOMS.

#### Stage 4

Where absence intensifies, or the level of attendance does not improve, so will the support provided, which will require the school to work in tandem with the local authority, including the Educational Welfare Officer (EWO) and other relevant partners. Where engagement in support is proving challenging, the school will hold more formal conversations with the parents. Some pupils face greater barriers to attendance than their peers. These can include pupils who suffer from long term medical conditions or who have special educational needs or who have disabilities. In working with their parents to improve attendance, the school will be mindful of the barriers these pupils face and put additional support in place where necessary. Pupils with long term illnesses or other health needs may need additional support to continue their education, such as alternative provision provided by the local authority. In all cases, the school will be sensitive and avoid stigmatising pupils and parents and will talk to pupils and parents and understand how they feel and what they think would help improve their attendance to develop individual approaches that meet an individual 's specific needs. This will be recorded on CPOMS.

#### Stage 5

Where the attendance of a pupil does not improve, the school will consult further the Local Authority, which may decide on further processes such as Attendance Contracts, Education Supervision Orders and Parenting Orders.

#### Stage 6

Where a pupil is persistently absent and all attempts to improve attendance have been unsuccessful then the school will have no choice but to remove the pupil's name from the admissions register. (Regulation 8(1)(I) of the Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006. In accordance with regulation 12(6) the school will notify the local authority in these circumstances.

#### Authorised absences

Authorised absence means that the school has either given approval in advance for a pupil to be away (granted an authorised leave of absence) or has accepted an explanation offered afterwards as justification for absence.

#### Applications for an authorised leave of absence

Applications for authorised leaves of absence during the school day will only be granted in exceptional circumstances and will only be permitted if made in writing to the Headteacher.

The school will consider each application for an authorised leave of absence individually, taking into account the specific facts and circumstances, the pupil's past attendance record and the relevant background context behind the request. Please note that we ask parents **not** to make holiday arrangements that require their daughters to miss days during term-time. Holiday leave in term time will not be granted unless circumstances are exceptional. Our terms are short and intensive and a relatively lengthy period of holiday is available. If your daughter needs to be away from school in exceptional circumstances, a letter requesting permission should be sent to the Head Teacher of Thornton College. Apart from illness, no pupil should be away from school without prior permission from the Headteacher.

Dental or medical appointments should be made during school holidays except in cases of emergency when the form teacher should be informed.

If a leave of absence is granted, it is for the Headteacher to determine the length of the time the pupil is permitted to be away from school. It will be recorded as an authorised absence.

A leave of absence will usually be authorised for religious observance if the day concerned is exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which parents and pupils belong. Parents are expected to make a request for this type of leave of absence in advance.

#### **Reporting duties**

The school has statutory reporting obligations if a pupil fails to regularly attend school and their absence is unauthorised. The school must report unauthorised absences for a continuous period of 10 days or more to the local authority.

In the event that a pupil holding a Pupil or Child Pupil visa sponsored by the school under the Points Based System goes missing, the school will report to UKVI if the pupil misses ten consecutive expected contact points.

Each time the school's attendance register is completed it is treated as a contact point for these purposes.

The report will be made by the School's Level 1 user via the Sponsor Management and in accordance with prevailing UKVI guidance

Action will also be taken in accordance with the Safeguarding policy if any absence of a pupil from the school gives rise to a concern about their welfare.

#### Admission register

In accordance with the requirements of the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024 the school will:

maintain an admission register of all pupils (of both compulsory and noncompulsory school age) admitted to the school (also known as the school roll); and

inform the local authority of any pupil who is going to be added to or deleted from the school's admission register at non-standard transition points.

The school will record personal details of every pupil at the school in the admission register. The register will include the following information for every pupil:

- full name;
- name the pupil uses at school;
- sex;
- address;
- the full name and address of each of the pupil's parents;

• which of the pupil's parents, if any, the pupil normally lives with and at least one telephone number by which each such parent can be contacted in an emergency.

- a further emergency contact number
- day, month and year of birth;
- day, month and year of the pupil's starting day at the school;
- name and address of the last school the pupil attended, if any.
- whether each pupil of compulsory school age is a boarder or a day pupil.

The admission register is kept electronically and a back-up copy of the register is made at least once a month in the form of an electronic or printed copy.

Modified July 2024 To be reviewed September 2025 The school ensures that every entry in the school's admission register is preserved for six years beginning with the day on which the entry was made; and every back-up copy of the register is preserved for six years after the end of the school year that it relates to.

The admissions register contains specific personal details of every pupil in the school, including their date of admission, information regarding parents and carers and details of the school they last attended.

A pupil's name can only be deleted from the admission register for a reason set out in regulation 9 of the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024. When any of the situations set out in regulation 9 occurs, the pupil's name must be deleted.

Where the School notifies the local authority that the pupil's name is to be deleted from the admission register, the school must provide it with the following information:

the full name of the pupil;

the address of the pupil;

the full name and address of any parent the pupil normally lives with;

at least one telephone number of any parent with whom the pupil lives or can be contacted in an emergency;

the pupil's future address, the full name and address of the parent who the pupil is going to live with, and the date the pupil is expected to start living there, if applicable;

name of the pupil's other or future school and pupil's start date or expected start date there, if applicable;

the ground (prescribed in regulation 9) under which the pupil's name is to be deleted from the admission register.

Where a parent of a pupil informs the school that the pupil will live at another address, the school will ensure that the admission register contains:

• the address;

• the full name of each parent the pupil will normally live with;

• the date when the pupil will start normally living there.

Where a person with control of a pupil's attendance has told the school that the pupil is or will be attending another school, the school will ensure that the admission register contains:

- the name of the other school;
- the date when the pupil began or will begin attending that school.

#### Attendance register

The school records and monitors the attendance of all pupils (both of compulsory and noncompulsory school age) in accordance with the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) (Regulations) 2024

The school uses the appropriate national attendance and absence codes system to enable it to record and monitor attendance and absence in a consistent way which complies with regulation 10 of the Attendance Regulations.

The attendance register is kept electronically and a back-up copy of the register is made at least once a month in the form of an electronic or printed copy.

The school will also use these records to identify patterns of poor attendance (at individual and cohort level) and work with pupils and parents to resolve any issues before they become entrenched.

The school is required by law to take attendance registers twice daily - once at the start of the morning session and once during the afternoon session.

On each occasion it will be recorded whether every pupil is:

physically present in school when the attendance register begins to be taken; or

absent from the school when the attendance register begins to be taken but attends before the taking of the register has ended; or

attending a place other than the school; or

absent.

The circumstances in which a pupil may be recorded as attending a place, other than the school, can include:

Attending educational provision arranged by a local authority;

For an educational visit or trip arranged by or on behalf of the school and supervised by a member of school staff;

Attending a place for an approved educational activity that is a sporting activity;

Attending an approved educational activity that is work experience provided under arrangements made by the school as part of the pupil's education;

- Attending a place for any other approved educational activity. All schools can grant a leave of absence when a pupil needs to be absent from school with permission for the following reasons -
- Taking part in a regulated performance or employment abroad: in line with a licence issued by a local authority or Justice of the Peace or a body of persons approval (BOPA). (For full details please see code C1)
- Attending an interview: for entry into another educational institution or for future employment where requested in advance by a parent the pupil normally lives with.
- Study leave: for public examinations, as agreed in advance with a parent the pupil normally lives with.
- A temporary, time-limited part-time timetable: where the pupil is of compulsory school age, both the parent who the pupil normally lives with and school agree the pupil should temporarily be educated on a part-time basis for exceptional reasons and have agreed the times and dates when the pupil will be expected to attend school as part of that timetable.
- Exceptional circumstances: The school can grant a leave of absence for other exceptional circumstances at the Headteacher's discretion. The school will consider each application individually taking into account the specific facts and circumstances and relevant background context behind the request. If a leave of absence is granted, it is for the school to determine the length of the time the pupil can be away from school.
- The school will also allow pupils to be absent from the school site for certain educational activities or to attend other schools or settings:
- To attend an offsite approved educational activity. (For full details see Code B)
- To attend another school at which the pupil is registered (dual-registration). (For full details see Code D) •
- To attend a provision arranged by the local authority. e.g. alternative provision or as part of an education, health and care plan. (For full details see Code K)
- To participate in an approved sporting activity. (For full details see Code P)
- To attend an educational visit or trip arranged by the school. (For full details see Code V)
- To attend work experience. (For full details see Code W)

#### **Recording absence**

Absence will be recorded in accordance with the national absence codes set out in regulation 10 of the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) (Regulations) 2024 and statutory guidance Working together to improve school attendance relating to:

Modified July 2024

Page **20** of **24** 

leaves of absence;

other authorised reasons;

unable to attend school because of unavoidable cause;

unauthorised absence.

#### **Remote education**

The school is required to record all absence from in-person lessons.

The school may, in limited circumstances, provide remote education to enable pupils, who are well enough to learn but unable to attend the school site, to keep pace with their education.

In the limited circumstances when the school decides to use remote education for individual pupils when they are absent, the following will be considered:

ensuring mutual agreement of remote education by the school, parents or carers, potentially pupils, and if appropriate a relevant medical professional. If the pupil has an Education, Health and Care plan or has a social worker, the local authority should also be involved in the decision;

if remote education is being used as part of a plan to reintegrate back to school, putting a formal arrangement in place to review its efficacy regularly, alongside identifying what other support and flexibilities can be put in place to help ease the pupil back to school at the earliest opportunity;

setting a time limit within which the period of remote education provision should be reviewed, with the aim that the pupil returns to in person education with the required support in place to meet their needs.

Pupils who are absent from school and receiving remote education still need to be recorded as absent using the most appropriate absence code. The school will keep a record of, and monitor pupil's engagement with remote education, but this is not formally tracked in the attendance register. Where appropriate, this information may be used to make plans for a pupil's reintegration to school.

The school will utilise a digital education platform that will be kept up-to-date and keep pupils safe. Staff will remain trained and confident in its use. **Unauthorised absence** 

The "unauthorised absence" code will be used when prior permission for absence has not been given and where the school is not satisfied with the explanation given for absence or delayed attendance meaning that the code for "unable to attend due to an exceptional circumstance" is not appropriate. Examples include:

holiday has not been authorised by the school or is in excess of the period determined by the Head;

Modified July 2024

the reason for absence has not been provided;

- a pupil is absent from school without authorisation;
- a pupil has arrived in school after registration has closed and without reasonable explanation.

#### Notification of removal or addition of pupil on the register

There is a difference between the admissions register, which is the pupil database of prospective pupils or the school roll which includes children currently attending Thornton.

The school will notify the local authority whether they remove or add a pupil's name to the admissions register at non-standard transitions. The school will refer to the lawful grounds for removing a pupil, and the information to be reported to the local authority, in line with *School Attendance 2019* and *Children Missing Education 2016*. If requested, the school will provide information to the local authority for standard transitions.

Where possible and considering the potential safeguarding implications of children missing education, the school will also copy in the local authority where the child is normally resident if this is different to the local authority of the school.

The School will make reasonable enquiries to establish the whereabouts of the pupil jointly with the local authority, before deleting the pupil's name from the register if the deletion is under regulation 8(1), sub-paragraphs (f)(iii) and (h)(iii) (see Annex A of the Pupils missing education guidance September 2016) the shcool will not delete the pupil's name from the register but will delete the pupil's name from the school roll once they have left the school. The school register we understand as our iSams database – and school roll we understand as who is currently attending the school. Any child that leaves is not deleted from the school register (our database) as their record is moved to the former pupil section and kept for GDPR compliant archiving.

Thornton College will notify the local authority within five days of adding a pupil's name to the admission register at a non-standard transition point. The school will send all the registration details to the local authority.

Attendance and Absence Codes

- On each occasion the register is taken the appropriate national attendance and absence code will be entered for every pupil (of both compulsory and non-compulsory school age) whose name is listed in the admission register at the time .
- Code / \: Present at the school / = morning session \ = afternoon session
- Code L: Late arrival before the register is closed
- Code K: Attending education provision arranged by the local authority
- Code V; Attending an Educational Visit of trip
- Code P; Participating in a sporting activity
- Code W; Attending work experience
- Code B; Attending any approved educational activity
- Code D; Dual registered at another school
- Code C1: Leave of absence for the purpose of participating in a regulated performance or undertaking regulated employment abroad
- Code M: Leave of absence for the purpose of attending a medical or dental appointment
- Code J1: Leave of absence for the purpose of attending an interview for employment or for admission to another educational institution
- Code S: Leave of absence for the purpose of studying for a public examination
- Code X: Non-compulsory school age pupil not required to attend school
- Code C2: Leave of absence for a compulsory school age pupil subject to a part-time timetable
- Code C: Leave of absence for exceptional circumstance
- Code T: Parent travelling for occupational purposes
- Code R: Religious observance
- Code I: Illness (not medical or dental appointment)
- Code E: Suspended or permanently excluded and no alternative provision made
- Code Q: Unable to attend the school because of a lack of access arrangements
- Code Y1: Unable to attend due to transport normally provided not being available
- Code Y2: Unable to attend due to widespread disruption to travel

Code Y3: Unable to attend due to part of the school premises being closed Code Y4: Unable to attend due to the whole school site being unexpectedly closed Code Y5: Unable to attend as pupil is in criminal justice detention Code Y6: Unable to attend in accordance with public health guidance or law Code Y7: Unable to attend because of any other unavoidable cause Code G: Holiday not granted by the school Code N: Reason for absence not yet established Code O: Absent in other or unknown circumstances Code U: Arrived in school after registration closed Code Z: Prospective pupil not on admission register Code #: Planned whole school closure

For more details pertaining to each code, please refer to <u>Working Together to improve school</u> <u>attendance 19 August 2024 (DfE)</u> pp.76 - 91.